| Word | Question? | Drawing <br> In your book. Draw and name <br> each of the following. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Circle: <br> All points are equal distance <br> from a center point | How do I name a circle? <br> How many degrees in a <br> circle |  |
| Radius: <br> a segment whose endpoints <br> are the center and any point on <br> the circle | What do I know about all <br> of the radii in a circle? <br> (Lengths, what do they <br> touch) |  |
| Chord: <br> a segment whose endpoints <br> are on a circle | If two chords are <br> congruent, do you think <br> they will make congruent <br> arcs? |  |
| Diameter: <br> a chord that contains the <br> center of the circle | A diameter splits a circle <br> in half, how many <br> degrees are in each half? |  |
| Secant: <br> a line that intersects a circle in <br> two points | Why is a secant different <br> to a chord? |  |
| Tangent: <br> a line in the plane of a circle <br> that intersects the circle in <br> exactly one point (the point of <br> tangency) | Why is a tangent different <br> to a secant? |  |

## Circle similarity

$r=3$ and $R=6$ show using a series of transformations or each circle relationship with $\pi$. Why the two circles are similar


